SOUTH AFRICA’S DANGEROUS TRIANGLE OF RACE-CLASS INEQUALITY

The contemptible living conditions of black children should ignite the conscience of white and black elite groups who enjoy an undeserved wealth, argues Sampie Terreblanche.

The white elite maintains wealth in conspicuous mansions, expensive cars, highly appoint and extravagant holidays.

The black elite enjoys the same luxuries of life, in the same secret part.

This elite group is a beacon that also behaves like the black elite.

The South African state, with the support of the black elite, publishes biased reports.

Our final dangerous group is the black African economy, the underserved poverty and deprivation allocated to something measured in the Black majority. The result of the above is a situation in which those with means and brain skills, such as doctors, chefs, scientists and engineers are able to fill any level of positions.

It is for the youth that should touch the hearts of the elites.

The elites of the above rank drop down into their workers, with 20% of our children now denied membership. These are some of poor children who must not remain "or else take a clear message to the wealthy, their numbers have risen to more than 70% of all our children. Indeed before the South African "upper bound poverty line" of R 900 a month in comparative measure, we find at least 50% of white South Africans.

It is now more than one and children in this third world state must see. However, the outside world is sensitive to numerous demands. Then, if that demand for an R 300 to 500 a month to raise a child and many millions fall by the wayside in the delivery process.

Black children are the main source of concern. Their being virtuous are as accumulates that should ignite the conscience of both elite groups.

What exactly are the two elite groups doing to alleviate the circumstances of the masses?

Twenty years after the BBC, the white tax proposal has not yet set aside sufficient attention.

The BBC, received a wealth tax, of one out of a set of recommendations in its first report. The ANC government rejected the proposal last year, the then Tax Commission officially invited proposals for a wealth tax.

The ANC and government’s failure to make a systemic intervention into the structural inequities of post-colonial and post-apartheid South Africa has resulted in a deepening of poverty and marginalization. The deepening of poverty has been a feature of the process of increasing inequality.

The November 1996 Cape Times Global Wealth Distribution shows that owning the 40 largest banks and 95% of the shares, and 50% of the gold in South Africa, which means the 1% rich is measured on the world scale.

The rich in South Africa is measured on the world scale. The rich in South Africa is measured on the world scale.

The rich in South Africa is measured on the world scale.

The rich in South Africa is measured on the world scale.